KCM MACRO TRENDS FUND

PROSPECTUS

August 28, 2017

Institutional Class Shares KCMIX
Class R-1 Shares KCMTX

Investment Adviser
Kerns Capital Management, Inc.
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1-877-275-5599

This Prospectus provides important information about the Fund that you should know before investing. Please read it carefully and keep it for future reference.

These securities have not been approved or disapproved by the Securities and Exchange Commission nor has the Securities and Exchange Commission passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this Prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

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Investment Objective: The Fund's investment objective is long-term growth of capital. As a secondary goal, the Fund seeks to manage volatility and market risk.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund: This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund.

Shareholder Fees	Class	Institutional
(fees paid directly from your investment)	R-1	Class
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases	None	None
(as a percentage of offering price)	TVOILE	Trone
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load)	None	None
(as a percentage of offering price)	None	None
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Reinvested Dividends and Other Distributions	None	None
Redemption Fee	None	None
(as a percentage of amount redeemed)	None	None
Annual Fund Operating Expenses		
(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)		
Management Fees	1.00%	1.00%
Distribution and Service (12b-1) Fees	0.25%	0.00%
Other Expenses	0.37%	0.37%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses (1)	<u>0.03%</u>	0.03%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.65%	1.40%

⁽¹⁾ Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses are the indirect costs of investing in other investment companies. The operating expenses in this fee table will not correlate to the expense ratio in the Fund's financial statements (or the financial highlights in this Prospectus) because the financial statements include only the direct operating expenses incurred by the Fund.

Example: This example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year, you reinvest all dividends and capital gains distributions and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions, your costs would be:

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Institutional Class	\$143	\$443	\$766	\$1,680
Class R-1	\$168	\$520	\$897	\$1,955

Portfolio Turnover: The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 318% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies: The Fund employs a flexible investment strategy, meaning it has the freedom to invest globally in companies of all sizes and in all sectors, long or short, fixed income, certain derivatives futures, and cash. It is not restricted to any "style box," e.g., large cap growth or small cap value. To achieve its investment objective, the Fund invests principally in domestic and foreign equity securities (common stock and Depository Receipts), exchange traded funds ("ETFs"), futures and options. The term "macro" in the Fund's name refers to its focus on the broad macroeconomic environment – specifically whether the equity market offers the potential for acceptable risk-adjusted returns. If so, the Fund typically invests in equities. If not, the Fund employs a market neutral strategy with respect to its equity holdings and/or invests in asset classes that are not correlated with the stock market. Rules-based, quantitative systems are used to measure market risk and select individual securities.

The adviser utilizes all or parts of a multi-faceted approach in managing the Fund, including fundamental, technical and quantitative analysis. The adviser has developed rules-based quantitative models that apply systematic research to provide buy and sell signals. The adviser adjusts the Fund's market exposure depending on how clearly its research reflects the market's direction. The adviser then bases its investment decisions quantitatively on a wide array of fundamental and technical factors. Fundamental factors include measures such as, earnings growth rates, return on capital and dividend yield. Technical factors include measures such as price performance, volatility and trading volume.

The Fund may sell equity securities short up to 50% of its net assets if the adviser believes the value of the equity security is likely to depreciate in value. In addition, the Fund may purchase and sell futures contracts, and may purchase and sell options on securities, securities indexes, and futures contracts. These types of investments produce economically "leveraged" investment results. To hedge the Fund's short positions, the Fund may buy call options, which gives the Fund the right to buy a stock it has sold short at a predetermined price. Similarly, the Fund may sell futures to hedge a portion of the Fund's long positions.

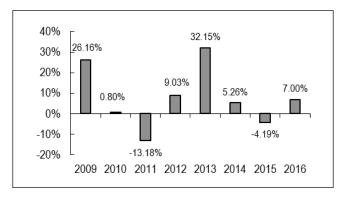
As a part of its investment strategy and during periods in which the Fund has limited market exposure, the Fund may invest in money market funds or other short-term interest-bearing instruments. In pursuing its investment objective, the Fund may engage in frequent trading.

Principal Investment Risks: Like all mutual funds, you may lose money if you invest in the Fund. Although the Fund will strive to meet its investment objective, there is no assurance that it will.

- Derivatives Risk. Investments in futures and options are considered "derivative" investments. A small investment in derivatives could have a potentially large impact on the Fund's performance. The use of derivatives involves risks different from, or possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in the underlying assets. Derivatives can be highly volatile, illiquid and difficult to value, and there is the risk that the hedging technique will fail if changes in the value of a derivative held by the Fund do not correlate with the Fund's portfolio securities being hedged. Derivative contracts ordinarily have leverage inherent in their terms. The low margin deposits normally required in trading derivatives, including futures contracts, permit a high degree of leverage. Accordingly, a relatively small price movement may result in an immediate and substantial loss to the Fund. The use of leverage may also cause the Fund to liquidate portfolio positions when it would not be advantageous to do so in order to satisfy its obligations or to meet collateral segregation requirements. The use of leveraged derivatives can magnify the Fund's potential for gain or loss and, therefore, amplify the effects of market volatility on the Fund's share price.
- ETF Risk. Investing through the Fund in ETFs involves certain additional expenses and certain tax results that would not arise if you invested directly in the ETFs. Each ETF exposes the Fund to the strategy-specific risk of each ETF and the value of your investment will fluctuate in response to the performance of the ETFs in which the Fund invests.
- Foreign Risk. Foreign markets can be more volatile than the U.S. market due to increased risks of adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments and can perform differently from the U.S. market. Special risks associated with investments in foreign companies include exposure to currency fluctuations, less liquidity, less developed or less efficient trading markets, lack of comprehensive company information, political instability and differing auditing and legal standards.
- Issuer-Specific Risk. The value of a specific security can be more volatile than the market as a whole and can perform differently from the value of the market as a whole. The value of securities of smaller issuers can be more volatile than that of larger issuers. The value of certain types of securities can be more volatile due to increased sensitivity to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments.
- Market Risk. Stock markets can be volatile. In other words, the prices of stocks can fall rapidly in response to developments affecting a specific company or industry, or to changing economic, political or market conditions. The Fund's investments may decline in value if the stock markets perform poorly. There is also a risk that the Fund's investments will underperform either the securities markets generally or particular segments of the securities markets.
- Portfolio Turnover Risk. Portfolio turnover refers to the rate at which the securities held by the Fund are replaced. The higher the rate, the higher the transactional and brokerage costs associated with the turnover which may reduce the Fund's return, unless the securities traded can be bought and sold without corresponding commission costs. Active trading of securities may also increase the Fund's realized capital gains or losses, which may affect the taxes you pay as a Fund shareholder.
- Short Selling Risk. The Fund engages in short selling activities, which are significantly different from the investment activities commonly associated with conservative stock funds. Positions in shorted securities are speculative and riskier than "long" positions (purchases) because the cost of the replacement security is unknown. Therefore, the potential loss on the short sale is unlimited, whereas the potential loss on long positions is limited to the original purchase price. You should be aware that any strategy that includes selling securities short could suffer significant losses. Short selling will also result in higher transaction costs (such as interest and dividends), which reduce the Fund's return, and may result in higher taxes.
- Small and Medium-Size Company Risk. The Fund may invest in the common stocks of small-cap and mid-cap companies. Small and medium size companies may have narrower markets and more limited managerial and financial resources than do larger, more established companies. As a result, their performances can be more volatile and they may face a greater risk of business failure, which could increase the volatility of the Fund's assets.

Performance: The bar chart and performance table below show the variability of the Fund's returns, which is some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows performance of the Fund's Class R-1 shares for each full calendar year since the Fund's inception. Returns for Institutional Class shares, which are not presented in the bar chart, would vary from the returns for Class R-I shares. The performance table compares the performance of the Fund's Class R-1 shares over time to the performance of a broad-based securities market index. You should be aware that the Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) may not be an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available at no cost by calling 1-877-275-5599.

Performance Bar Chart for Class R-1 Shares Calendar Years Ended December 31



Best Quarter: 1st Quarter 2012 12.25% Worst Quarter: 3rd Quarter 2011 (17.11)%

The total return for Class R-1 shares from January 1, 2017 to June 30, 2017 was 3.76%.

Performance Table Average Annual Total Return (For period ended December 31, 2016)

			Since Inception of Class R-1 shares
	One Year	Five Year	(8-4-08)
Class R-1 Return before taxes	7.00%	9.23%	5.38%
Class R-1 Return after taxes on distributions	6.12%	7.81%	4.52%
Class R-1 Return after taxes on distributions and sale of Fund shares	4.69%	6.96%	4.05%
HFRX Equity Hedge Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	0.09%	2.92%	1.14%

After-tax returns are calculated using the highest historical individual federal marginal income tax rate and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on a shareholder's tax situation and may differ from those shown. The after-tax returns are not relevant if you hold your Fund shares in tax-deferred arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts ("IRA").

Investment Adviser: Kerns Capital Management, Inc.

Portfolio Managers: Martin L. Kerns II, President and Chief Executive Officer of the adviser, has served the Fund as portfolio manager since its inception. Parker Binion has served the Fund as a co-portfolio manager since January 2016. Each portfolio manager is jointly and primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund.

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares: You may purchase and redeem shares of the Fund on any day that the New York Stock Exchange is open for trading. The minimum initial investment for Class R-1 shares is \$5,000 for regular accounts, retirement plans and automatic investment plans. The minimum initial investment for Institutional Class Shares is \$250,000 for regular accounts, retirement plans and automatic investment plans. The minimum initial investments can be waived by the Fund or Adviser at their discretion. Redemption requests may be made in writing, by telephone, or through a financial intermediary and will be paid by ACH, check or wire transfer.

Tax Information: Dividends and capital gain distributions you receive from the Fund, whether you reinvest your distributions in additional Fund shares or receive them in cash, are taxable to you at either ordinary income or capital gains tax rates unless you are investing through a tax-deferred plan such as an IRA or 401(k) plan.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries: If you purchase the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES AND RELATED RISKS

Investment Objective: The Fund's investment objective is long-term growth of capital. As a secondary goal, the Fund seeks to manage volatility and market risk. The Fund's investment objective is a non-fundamental policy and may be changed without shareholder approval upon 60 days' written notice to shareholders.

Principal Investment Strategies: The Fund employs a flexible investment strategy, meaning it has the freedom to invest globally in companies of all sizes and in all sectors, long or short, fixed income, certain derivatives futures, and cash. It is not restricted to any "style box," e.g., large cap growth or small cap value. To achieve its investment objective, the Fund invests principally in domestic and foreign equity securities (common stock and Depository Receipts), exchange traded funds ("ETFs"), futures and options. The term "macro" in the Fund's name refers to its focus on the broad macroeconomic environment – specifically whether the equity market offers the potential for acceptable risk-adjusted returns. If so, the Fund typically invests in equities. If not, the Fund employs a market neutral strategy with respect to its equity holdings and/or invests in asset classes that are not correlated with the stock market. Rules-based, quantitative systems are used to measure market risk, define equity exposure, and select individual securities.

<u>Depositary Receipts:</u> The Fund may invest in sponsored and unsponsored American Depositary Receipts ("ADRs"), which are receipts issued by an American bank or trust company evidencing ownership of underlying securities issued by a foreign issuer. ADRs, in registered form, are designed for use in U.S. securities markets. Unsponsored ADRs may be created without the participation of the foreign issuer. Holders of these ADRs generally bear all the costs of the ADR facility, whereas foreign issuers typically bear certain costs in a sponsored ADR. The bank or trust company depositary of an unsponsored ADR may be under no obligation to distribute shareholder communications received from the foreign issuer or to pass through voting rights.

<u>Derivatives:</u> The Fund may use long and short derivative instruments, including futures, options, and forward contracts. Derivative instruments are financial contracts, the value of which is based on an underlying security, a currency exchange rate, an interest rate or market index. Futures contracts and forward contracts commit the parties to a transaction at a time in the future at a price determined when the transaction is initiated. Futures contracts differ from forward contracts in that they are traded through regulated exchanges and are "marked to market" daily. Options differ from forward and futures contracts in that the buyer of the option has no obligation to perform under the contract. Derivatives involve special risks, which are discussed below under Principal Risks.

Short Sales: The value of the Fund's short positions may equal up to 50% of its net assets. A short sale consists of selling borrowed shares in the hope that they can be bought back later at a lower price. The Fund may be required to pay a fee to borrow the security and to pay over to the lender any payments received on the security. If the price of the security sold short increases between the time of the short sale and the time the Fund replaces the borrowed security, the Fund will incur a loss; conversely, if the price declines, the Fund will realize a capital gain. Although the Fund's gain is limited by the price at which it sold the security short, its potential loss is unlimited. The more the Fund pays to purchase the security, the more it can lose on the transaction, and the more the price of Fund shares will be affected. The Fund will also incur costs to engage in this practice.

The adviser utilizes all or parts of a multi-faceted approach in managing the Fund, including fundamental, technical and quantitative analysis.

The adviser adjusts the Fund's market exposure and use of aggressive strategies depending on how clearly its research reflects the market's direction. Securities held by the Fund will typically be bought and sold pursuant to the adviser's quantitative models based on original research. The adviser prefers, however, to hold securities for purposes of tax efficiency. Thus, the adviser may hold the security slightly longer than the quantitative models suggest if the holding period is close to one year.

The adviser bases its quantitative models on a wide array of fundamental and technical factors. Fundamental factors include measures such as, earnings growth rates, return on capital and dividend yield. Technical factors include measures such as price performance, volatility and trading volume.

The Fund may purchase futures contracts, and may purchase and sell options on securities, securities indexes, and futures contracts. These types of investments produce economically "leveraged" investment results. Leveraging allows the adviser to generate a greater positive or negative return than what would be generated on the invested capital without leverage, thus changing small market movements into larger changes in the value of the Fund's investments. These types of investments also allow the Fund to "hedge" against adverse risks by making an investment to reduce the risk of adverse price movements in an asset. Normally, a hedge consists of taking and offsetting position in a related security, such as a futures contract. Hedging doesn't prevent a negative event from happening, but if it does happen and if the adviser believes that the Fund is properly hedged, the impact of the event may be reduced.

As a part of its investment strategy and during periods in which the Fund has limited market exposure, the Fund may invest in money market funds or other short-term interest-bearing instruments. These instruments are typically short-term debt instruments issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government, its agencies or instrumentalities, domestic corporations, financial institutions or other

entities that have been determined by the adviser to present minimal credit risk. They include, for example, commercial paper, bank obligations, repurchase agreements, money market funds, other corporate debt obligations and government debt obligations. As a result, up to 100% of the Fund's assets may be invested in cash or cash equivalents at any given time. If the Fund has significant investments in cash or cash equivalents, it may not achieve its investment objective. In addition, the Fund holds U.S. government securities and repurchase agreements to collateralize its investments in futures and options contracts.

The Fund may buy and sell (write) call options. The purchaser of a call option has the right to buy a security from the seller at a predetermined price (exercise price) during the life of the option. An option is considered "covered" if the seller owns the security against which the option is written. If the option is "uncovered," the seller must purchase the security at the current market price if the option is exercised by the purchaser in order to deliver the security. As the seller of a call option, the Fund receives a premium from the purchaser of the option, which provides additional income to the Fund. The Fund may also buy and sell (write) put options. A put option gives the buyer the right to sell or "put" a security at a fixed price within a given time frame in exchange for a premium paid by the buyer. If the market price drops below the strike price, the buyer will be able to sell the security for the strike price, thereby limiting the buyer's potential loss until the option expires.

To hedge the Fund's short positions, the Fund may buy call options, which gives the Fund the right to buy a stock it has sold short at a predetermined price. The call option effectively limits the amount the Fund will have to pay for the stock it sold short. The Fund may also hedge a short position by purchasing a futures contract that the adviser believes is inversely correlated to the short position (i.e., will increase in value if the short position declines in value). Similarly, the Fund may sell futures to hedge a portion of the Fund's long positions.

The Fund's investments will consist primarily of common stocks, bonds, ETFs and closed-end funds. The open and closed-end funds and ETFs are referred to as "Underlying Funds" in this prospectus. The adviser may invest in Underlying Funds for a number of reasons, but typically will do so when it wishes the Fund to have an investment in a certain sector, market, region or industry but cannot find an individual company that meets its investment criteria.

In pursuing its investment objective, the Fund may engage in frequent trading.

Principal Risks: Like all mutual funds, you may lose money if you invest in the Fund. Although the Fund will strive to meet its investment objective, there is no assurance that it will.

Derivatives Risk. Investments in futures and options are considered "derivative" investments. A small investment in derivatives could have a potentially large impact on the Fund's performance. The use of derivatives involves risks different from, or possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in the underlying assets. Derivatives can be highly volatile, illiquid and difficult to value, and there is the risk that the hedging technique will fail if changes in the value of a derivative held by the Fund do not correlate with the Fund's portfolio securities being hedged. When the Fund uses investment techniques such as short sales and forms of financial derivatives, such as options and futures, an investment in the Fund may be more volatile than investments in other mutual funds. Although these types of derivatives typically do not involve the borrowing of money, they are considered a form of economic "leverage." The adviser intends to use such investment techniques and derivatives to minimize risk to the Fund; however, there is the possibility that improper implementation of such techniques and derivative strategies or unusual market conditions could result in significant losses to the Fund. Derivatives are used to limit risk in the Fund or to enhance investment return and have a return tied to a formula based upon an interest rate, index, price of a security, or other measurement. Derivative contracts ordinarily have leverage inherent in their terms. The low margin deposits normally required in trading derivatives, including futures contracts, permit a high degree of leverage. Accordingly, a relatively small price movement may result in an immediate and substantial loss to the Fund. The use of leverage may also cause the Fund to liquidate portfolio positions when it would not be advantageous to do so in order to satisfy its obligations or to meet collateral segregation requirements. The use of leveraged derivatives can magnify the Fund's potential for gain or loss and, therefore, amplify the effects of market volatility on the Fund's share price. Derivatives involve special risks, including: (1) the risk that interest rates, securities prices and currency markets will not move in the direction that a portfolio manager anticipates; (2) imperfect correlation between the price of derivative instruments and movements in the prices of the securities, interest rates or currencies being hedged; (3) the fact that skills needed to use these strategies are different than those needed to select portfolio securities; (4) the possible absence of a liquid secondary market for any particular instrument and possible exchange imposed price fluctuation limits, either of which may make it difficult or impossible to close out a position when desired; (5) the risk that adverse price movements in an instrument can result in a loss substantially greater than the Fund's initial investment in that instrument (in some cases, the potential loss is unlimited); (6) particularly in the case of privately-negotiated instruments, the risk that the counterparty will not perform its obligations, or that penalties could be incurred for positions held less than the required minimum holding period, which could leave the Fund worse off than if it had not entered into the position; and (7) the inability to close out certain hedged positions to avoid adverse tax consequences. In addition, the use of derivatives for non-hedging purposes (that is, to seek to increase total return) is considered a speculative practice and may present an even greater risk of loss than when used for hedging purposes.

- O Put and Call Options Risk. There are risks associated with the sale and purchase of call and put options. As the seller (writer) of a covered call option, the Fund assumes the risk of a decline in the market price of the underlying security below the purchase price of the underlying security less the premium received, and gives up the opportunity for gain on the underlying security above the exercise price of the option. If the Fund sells an uncovered call option or a put option, and must purchase the security at the current market price because the option is exercised, the loss could be significant. As the buyer of a put or call option, the Fund risks losing the entire premium invested in the option if the Fund does not exercise the option. Covered call options, such as those written by the Fund, may enhance Fund income by the generation of premiums upon the sale of the options, but may result in the Fund's losing the benefit of a portion of the appreciation in the underlying equity security to the extent the value increases to an amount in excess of the option exercise price. Because the Fund does not have control over the exercise of the call options it writes, it may be required to sell the underlying stocks and to realize capital gains or losses at inopportune times. Call option premiums received by the Fund will be recognized upon exercise, lapse or other disposition of the option and generally will be treated by the Fund as short-term capital gain (or loss) and, as such, will increase the portion of dividends taxed to shareholders of the Fund at ordinary income tax rates. For a more detailed discussion of the effect of the use of options on the taxation of your investment in the Fund, please see the "Tax Status, Dividends and Distributions" section of this Prospectus.
- ETF Risk. Because the Fund may invest in ETFs, the value of your investment will fluctuate in response to the performance of the ETFs. In addition, investing through the Fund in ETFs involves certain additional expenses and certain tax results that would not arise if you invested directly in the ETFs. An ETF is an investment company that seeks to track the performance of an index by holding in its portfolio either the contents of the index or a representative sample of the securities in the index. ETFs are listed on national stock exchanges and are traded like stocks listed on an exchange. ETF shares potentially may trade at a discount or a premium in market price if there is a limited market in such shares. Investments in ETFs are subject to brokerage and other trading costs as the adviser trades in and out of a fund, which could result in greater expenses to the Fund. They also are subject to investment advisory fees and other expenses, which the Fund would directly bear. Finally, because the value of ETF shares depends on the demand in the market, the adviser may not be able to liquidate the Fund's holdings at the most optimal time, adversely affecting the Fund's performance. As an ETF shareholder, the Fund must rely on the investment company (ETF) management to achieve its investment objective. If the ETF fails to achieve its investment objective, the value of the Fund's investment will decline, adversely affecting the Fund's performance.
- Foreign Risk. Foreign markets can be more volatile than the U.S. market due to increased risks of adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments and can perform differently from the U.S. market. Special risks associated with investments in foreign companies include exposure to currency fluctuations, less liquidity, less developed or less efficient trading markets, lack of comprehensive company information, political instability and differing auditing and legal standards.
 - O ADR Risk. ADRs may be purchased through "sponsored" or "unsponsored" facilities. A sponsored facility is established jointly by the issuer of the underlying security and a depositary. A depositary may establish an unsponsored facility without participation by the issuer of the deposited security. Holders of unsponsored ADRs generally bear all the costs of such facilities, and the depositary of an unsponsored facility frequently is under no obligation to distribute shareholder communications received from the issuer of the deposited security or to pass through voting rights to the holders of such receipts in respect of the deposited securities.
- Issuer-Specific Risk. The value of a specific security can be more volatile than the market as a whole and can perform differently from the value of the market as a whole. The value of securities of smaller issuers can be more volatile than that of larger issuers. The value of certain types of securities can be more volatile due to increased sensitivity to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments.
- Market Risk. Stock markets can be volatile. In other words, the prices of stocks can fall rapidly in response to developments affecting a specific company or industry, or to changing economic, political or market conditions. The Fund's investments may decline in value if the stock markets perform poorly. There is also a risk that the Fund's investments will underperform either the securities markets generally or particular segments of the securities markets.
- Portfolio Turnover Risk. Portfolio turnover refers to the rate at which the securities held by the Fund are replaced. The higher the rate, the higher the transactional and brokerage costs associated with the turnover which may reduce the Fund's return, unless the securities traded can be bought and sold without corresponding commission costs. Active trading of securities may also increase the Fund's realized capital gains or losses, which may affect the taxes you pay as a Fund shareholder.
- Short Selling Risk. The Fund engages in short selling activities, which are significantly different from the investment activities commonly associated with conservative stock funds. Positions in shorted securities are speculative and riskier than "long" positions (purchases) because the cost of the replacement security is unknown. Therefore, the potential loss on the short sale is unlimited, whereas the potential loss on long positions is limited to the original purchase price. You should be aware that any strategy that includes selling securities short could suffer significant losses. Short selling will also result in higher transaction costs (such as interest and dividends), which reduce the Fund's return, and may result in higher taxes.
- Small and Medium-Size Company Risk. The Fund may invest in the common stocks of small-cap and mid-cap companies. Small and medium size companies may have narrower markets and more limited managerial and financial resources than do larger, more established companies. As a result, their performances can be more volatile and they may face a greater risk of business failure, which could increase the volatility of the Fund's assets.

Temporary Investments: To respond to market, economic, political or other conditions, the Fund may invest 100% of its total net assets, without limitation, in debt securities and money market instruments. These debt securities and money market instruments include shares of other mutual funds, commercial paper, certificates of deposit, bankers' acceptances, U.S. Government securities and repurchase agreements. While the Fund is in a defensive position, the opportunity to achieve its investment objective will be limited. Furthermore, to the extent that the Fund invests in money market mutual funds for its cash position, there will be some duplication of expenses because the Fund would bear its pro rata portion of such money market funds' advisory fees and operational fees. The Fund may also invest a substantial portion of its assets in such instruments at any time to maintain liquidity or pending selection of investments in accordance with its policies.

Portfolio Holdings Disclosure: The Fund's policies and procedures with respect to the disclosure of the Fund's portfolio securities holdings are available in the SAI, which may be requested toll free by calling 1-877-275-5599.

Cybersecurity: The computer systems, networks and devices used by the Fund and its service providers to carry out routine business operations employ a variety of protections designed to prevent damage or interruption from computer viruses, network failures, computer and telecommunication failures, infiltration by unauthorized persons and security breaches. Despite the various protections utilized by the Fund and their service providers, systems, networks, or devices potentially can be breached. The Fund and its shareholders could be negatively impacted as a result of a cybersecurity breach.

Cybersecurity breaches can include unauthorized access to systems, networks, or devices; infection from computer viruses or other malicious software code; and attacks that shut down, disable, slow, or otherwise disrupt operations, business processes, or website access or functionality. Cybersecurity breaches may cause disruptions and impact the Fund's business operations, potentially resulting in financial losses; interference with the Fund's ability to calculate their NAV; impediments to trading; the inability of the Fund, the adviser, and other service providers to transact business; violations of applicable privacy and other laws; regulatory fines, penalties, reputational damage, reimbursement or other compensation costs, or additional compliance costs; as well as the inadvertent release of confidential information.

Similar adverse consequences could result from cybersecurity breaches affecting issuers of securities in which the Fund invests; counterparties with which the Fund engages in transactions; governmental and other regulatory authorities; exchange and other financial market operators, banks, brokers, dealers, insurance companies, and other financial institutions (including financial intermediaries and service providers for the Fund's shareholders); and other parties. In addition, substantial costs may be incurred by these entities in order to prevent any cybersecurity breaches in the future.

MANAGEMENT

Investment Adviser: Kerns Capital Management, Inc. ("Adviser" or "KCM"), 9821 Katy Freeway, Suite 400, Houston, TX 77024. KCM was founded in 1996 by M. Lane Kerns. KCM specializes in the management of investment portfolios for institutions, high-net worth individuals, and company retirement plans. As of April 30, 2017, the Adviser had approximately \$180 million in assets under management.

Under the terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement between the Trust, on behalf of the Fund, and the Adviser, the Adviser conducts investment research and management for the Fund and is responsible for the purchase and sale of securities for the Fund's portfolio. The Adviser provides the Fund with investment advice, supervises the Fund's management and investment programs and provides investment advisory facilities and executive and supervisory personnel for managing the investments and effectuating portfolio transactions. The Adviser also furnishes, at its expense, all necessary administrative services, office space, equipment and clerical personnel for servicing the investments of the Fund. For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2017, the Fund paid investment advisory fees to the Adviser at an annual rate of 1.00% the average daily net assets of the Fund.

A discussion regarding the basis for the Board of Trustees' approval of the Investment Advisory Agreement is available in the Fund's annual shareholder report dated April 30, 2017.

Portfolio Managers: The following portfolio managers are jointly and primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund.

Martin L. Kerns, II

Mr. Martin L. Kerns II has served as the Adviser's President and Chief Executive Officer since 2012. Mr. Kerns co-founded and has served the Fund as portfolio manager since its inception. In addition to the Fund, Mr. Kerns has managed other investment accounts for which KCM serves as adviser since 2007. Mr. Kerns is a former board member of the Guggenheim/Rydex Dynamic Advisory Board and the National Association of Active Investment Managers. He holds a B.B.A. in finance from the University of Texas at Austin and a J.D. from South Texas College of Law.

Parker B. Binion

Mr. Parker Binion joined KCM in September 2014 and has served the Fund as Portfolio Manager since January 2016. Mr. Binion also manages the firm's separately managed account strategies and heding/net exposure strategies. Prior to joining KCM, Mr. Binion was an investment advisor representative with Heritage Capital for two years. He holds an A.B in political science with a concentration in economics from Duke University and a J.D. from the University of Texas at Austin.

The Fund's Statement of Additional Information provides additional information about the portfolio managers' compensation structure, other accounts managed by the portfolio managers, and the portfolio managers' ownership of shares of the Fund.

HOW SHARES ARE PRICED

The net asset value ("NAV") and offering price (NAV plus any applicable sales charges) of each class of shares is determined as of the close of the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") (normally 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time) on each day the NYSE is open for business. NAV is computed by determining, on a per class basis, the aggregate market value of all assets of the Fund, less its liabilities, divided by the total number of shares outstanding ((assets-liabilities)/number of shares = NAV). The NYSE is closed on weekends and New Year's Day, Martin Luther King, Jr. Day, Presidents' Day, Good Friday, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day. The NAV takes into account, on a per class basis, the expenses and fees of the Fund, including management, administration, and distribution fees, which are accrued daily. The determination of NAV for a share class for a particular day is applicable to all applications for the purchase of shares, as well as all requests for the redemption of shares, received by the Fund (or an authorized broker or agent, or its authorized designee) before the close of trading on the NYSE on that day.

Generally, the Fund's securities are valued each day at the last quoted sales price on each security's primary exchange. Securities traded or dealt in upon one or more securities exchanges (whether domestic or foreign) for which market quotations are readily available and not subject to restrictions against resale shall be valued at the last quoted sales price on the primary exchange or, in the absence of a sale on the primary exchange at the mean between the current bid and ask prices on such exchange. Securities primarily traded in the National Association of Securities Dealers' Automated Quotation System ("NASDAQ") National Market System for which market quotations are readily available shall be valued using the NASDAQ Official Closing Price. Securities that are not traded or dealt in any securities exchange (whether domestic or foreign) and for which over-the-counter market quotations are readily available generally shall be valued at the last sale price or, in the absence of a sale, at the mean between the current bid and ask price on such over-the- counter market. Debt securities not traded on an exchange may be valued at prices supplied by a pricing agent(s) based on broker or dealer supplied valuations or matrix pricing, a method of valuing securities by reference to the value of other securities with similar characteristics, such as rating, interest rate and maturity.

If market quotations are not readily available, securities will be valued at their fair market value as determined using the "fair value" procedures approved by the Board. Fair value pricing involves subjective judgments and it is possible that the fair value determined for a security may be materially different from the value that could be realized upon the sale of that security. The fair value prices can differ from market prices when they become available or when a price becomes available. The Board has delegated execution of these procedures to a fair value team composed of one or more representatives from each of the (i) Trust, (ii) administrator, and (iii) adviser. The team may also enlist third party consultants such as an audit firm or financial officer of a security issuer on an as-needed basis to assist in determining a security-specific fair value. The Board reviews and ratifies the execution of this process and the resultant fair value prices at least quarterly to assure the process produces reliable results.

The Fund may use independent pricing services to assist in calculating the value of the Fund's securities. In addition, market prices for foreign securities are not determined at the same time of day as the NAV for the Fund. In computing the NAV of the Fund, the Adviser values foreign securities held by the Fund at the latest closing price on the exchange in which they are traded immediately prior to closing of the NYSE. Prices of foreign securities quoted in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars at current rates. If events materially affecting the value of a security in the Fund's portfolio, particularly foreign securities, occurs after the close of trading on a foreign market but before the Fund prices its shares, the securities will be valued at fair value. For example, if trading in a portfolio security is halted and does not resume before the Fund calculates its NAV, the Adviser may need to price the security using the Fund's fair value pricing guidelines. Without a fair value price, short-term traders could take advantage of the arbitrage opportunity and dilute the NAV of long-term investors. Fair valuation of the Fund's portfolio securities can serve to reduce arbitrage opportunities available to short-term traders, but there is no assurance that fair value pricing policies will prevent dilution of the Fund's NAV by short term traders. The determination of fair value involves subjective judgments. As a result, using fair value to price a security may result in a price materially different from the prices used by other mutual funds to determine net asset value or the price that may be realized upon the actual sale of the security.

With respect to any portion of the Fund's assets that are invested in one or more open-end management investment companies that are registered under the 1940 Act, the Fund's net asset value is calculated based upon the net asset values of the registered open-end management investment companies in which the Fund invests, and the prospectuses for these companies explain the circumstances under which those companies will use fair value pricing and the effects of using fair value pricing.

HOW TO PURCHASE SHARES

Share Class

This Prospectus describes the Institutional Class shares and Class R-1 Shares of the Fund. The Fund offers these two classes of shares so that you can choose the class that best suits your investment needs. The main differences between each class are ongoing distribution and shareholder service fees. Class R-1 shares pay an annual fee of up to 0.25% for distribution expenses pursuant to a plan adopted pursuant to Rule 12b-1. In choosing which class of shares to purchase, you should consider which will be most beneficial to you, given the amount of your purchase and the length of time you expect to hold the shares. Both classes of shares in the Fund represent interest in the same portfolio of investments in the Fund. All share classes may not be available for purchase in all states.

Institutional Class Shares

Institutional Class shares of the Fund are sold at NAV without an initial sales charge and are not subject to 12b-1 distribution fees. This means that 100% of your initial investment is placed into shares of the Fund. Institutional Class shares require a minimum investment of \$250,000. However, the adviser may waive investment minimums.

Class R-1 Shares

Class R-1 shares are offered at their public offering price, which is net asset value, and pay an annual fee of up to 0.25% for distribution expenses pursuant to the Trust's Master Distribution and Shareholder Servicing Plan for Class R-1 adopted pursuant to Rule 12b-1. Because these fees are paid out of the Fund's assets on an ongoing basis, over time these fees will increase the cost of your investment and may cost you more than paying other types of sales charges.

Purchasing Shares: You may purchase shares of the Fund by sending a completed application form to the following address by either regular or overnight mail:

via Regular Mail: KCM Macro Trends Fund c/o Gemini Fund Services, LLC P.O. Box 541150 Omaha, Nebraska 68154 or Overnight Mail: KCM Macro Trends Fund c/o Gemini Fund Services, LLC 17605 Wright Street, Suite 2 Omaha, Nebraska 68130

The USA PATRIOT Act requires financial institutions, including the Fund, to adopt certain policies and programs to prevent money-laundering activities, including procedures to verify the identity of customers opening new accounts. As requested on the application, you should supply your full name, date of birth, social security number and permanent street address. Mailing addresses containing a P.O. Box will not be accepted. This information will assist the Fund in verifying your identity. Until such verification is made, the Fund may temporarily limit additional share purchases or close an account if it is unable to verify a shareholder's identity. As required by law, the Fund may employ various procedures, such as comparing the information to fraud databases or requesting additional information or documentation from you, to ensure that the information supplied by you is correct.

Purchase through Brokers: You may invest in the Fund through brokers or agents who have entered into selling agreements with the Fund's distributor. These brokers and agents are authorized to designate other intermediaries to receive purchase and redemption orders on behalf of the Fund. Such brokers are authorized to designate other intermediaries to receive purchase and redemption orders on the fund's behalf. The Fund will be deemed to have received a purchase or redemption order when an authorized broker or its designee receives the order. The broker or agent may set its own initial and subsequent investment minimums. You may be charged a fee if you use a broker or agent to buy or redeem shares of the Fund. Finally, various servicing agents use procedures and impose restrictions that may be in addition to, or different from those applicable to investors purchasing shares directly from the Fund. You should carefully read the program materials provided to you by your servicing agent.

Purchase by Wire: If you wish to wire money to make an investment in the Fund, please call the Fund at 1-877-275-5599 for wiring instructions and to notify the Fund that a wire transfer is coming. Any commercial bank can transfer same-day funds via wire. The Fund will normally accept wired funds for investment on the day received if they are received by the Fund's designated bank before the close of regular trading on the NYSE. Your bank may charge you a fee for wiring same-day funds.

Automatic Investment Plan: You may participate in the Fund's Automatic Investment Plan, an investment plan that automatically debits money from your bank account and invests it in the Fund through the use of electronic funds transfers or automatic bank drafts. You may elect to make subsequent investments by transfers of a minimum of \$100 on specified days of each month into your established Fund account. Please contact the Fund at 1-877-275-5599 for more information about the Fund's Automatic Investment Plan.

Minimum and Additional Investment Amounts: The minimum initial investment for Institutional Class Shares is \$250,000 for regular accounts, retirement plans and automatic investment plans. The minimum initial investments can be waived by the Fund or Adviser at their discretion. The minimum initial investment to open an account for Class R-1 Shares is \$1,000 for regular accounts and \$1,000 for retirement plans and automatic investment plans. The minimum subsequent is \$100. Lower minimum initial and additional investments may also be applicable if the shares are purchased through a financial intermediary. There is no minimum investment requirement when you are buying shares by reinvesting dividends and distributions from the Fund.

The Fund, however, reserves the right, in its sole discretion, to reject any application to purchase shares. Applications will not be accepted unless they are accompanied by a check drawn on a U.S. bank, savings and loan, or credit union in U.S. funds for the full amount of the shares to be purchased. After you open an account, you may purchase additional shares by sending a check together with written instructions stating the name(s) on the account and the account number, to the above address. Make all checks payable to "KCM Macro Trends Fund". The Fund will not accept payment in cash, including cashier's checks or money orders. Also, to prevent check fraud, the Fund will not accept third party checks, U.S. Treasury checks, credit card checks or starter checks for the purchase of shares.

Note: Gemini Fund Services, LLC ("GFS"), the Fund's transfer agent, will charge a \$25 fee against a shareholder's account, in addition to any loss sustained by the Fund, for any payment check returned to the transfer agent for insufficient funds.

When Order is Processed: All shares will be purchased at the NAV per share next determined after the Fund receives your application or request in good order. All requests received in good order by the Fund before 4:00 p.m. (Eastern Time) will be processed on that same day. Requests received after 4:00 p.m. will be processed on the next business day.

Good Order: When making a purchase request, make sure your request is in good order. "Good order" means your purchase request includes:

- the name of the Fund,
- the dollar amount of shares to be purchased,
- a completed purchase application or investment stub, and
- check payable to "KCM Macro Trends Fund."

Retirement Plans: You may purchase shares of the Fund for your individual retirement plans. Please call the Fund at 1-877-275-5599 the most current listing and appropriate disclosure documentation on how to open a retirement account.

HOW TO REDEEM SHARES

The Fund typically expects that it will take up to seven days following the receipt of your redemption request to pay out redemption proceeds by check or electronic transfer. The Fund typically expects to pay redemptions from cash, cash equivalents, proceeds from the sale of Fund shares, and then from the sale of portfolio securities. These redemption payments will be used in regular and stressed market conditions.

Redeeming Shares: You will be entitled to redeem all or any portion of the shares credited to your accounts by submitting a written request for redemption to:

via Regular Mail:
KCM Macro Trends Fund
c/o Gemini Fund Services, LLC
P.O. Box 541150
Omaha, Nebraska 68154

or Overnight Mail: KCM Macro Trends Fund c/o Gemini Fund Services, LLC 17605 Wright Street, Suite 2 Omaha, Nebraska 68130

Redeeming by Telephone: The telephone redemption privilege is automatically available to all new accounts except retirement accounts. If you do not want the telephone redemption privilege, you must indicate this in the appropriate area on your account application or you must write to the Fund and instruct it to remove this privilege from your account.

The proceeds can be sent by mail to the address designated on your account, wired directly to your existing account in any commercial bank or brokerage firm or electronic funds transferred to your existing bank account in the United States as designated on your application. To redeem by telephone, call 1-877-275-5599. The redemption proceeds normally will be sent by mail, wire or electronic funds transfer within three business days after receipt of your telephone instructions. IRA accounts are not redeemable by telephone.

The Fund reserves the right to suspend the telephone redemption privileges with respect to your account if the name(s) or the address on the account has been changed within the previous 30 days. Neither the Fund, GFS, nor their respective affiliates will be liable for complying with telephone instructions they reasonably believe to be genuine or for any loss, damage, cost or expenses in acting on such telephone instructions and you will be required to bear the risk of any such loss. The Fund or GFS, or both, will employ reasonable procedures to determine that telephone instructions are genuine. If the Fund and/or GFS do not employ these procedures, they may be liable to you for losses due to unauthorized or fraudulent instructions. These procedures may include, among others, requiring forms of personal identification prior to acting upon telephone instructions, providing written confirmation of the transactions and/or tape recording telephone instructions.

Redeeming through Broker: If shares of the Fund are held by a broker-dealer, financial institution or other servicing agent, you must contact that servicing agent to redeem shares of the Fund. The servicing agent may charge a fee for this service.

Redemptions by Wire/Electronic Funds Transfer: If you request your redemption by wire transfer, you will be required to pay a \$15 wire transfer fee to GFS to cover costs associated with the transfer but GFS does not charge a fee when transferring redemption proceeds by electronic funds transfer. In addition, your bank may impose a charge for receiving wires.

Systematic Withdrawal Plan: If your individual account, IRA or other qualified plan account has a current account value of at least \$10,000, you may adopt a Systematic Withdrawal Plan to provide for monthly, quarterly or other periodic checks for any designated amount of \$100 or more. If you wish to open a Systematic Withdrawal Plan, please indicate on your application or contact the Fund at 1-877-275-5599.

Redemptions in Kind: The Fund reserves the right to honor requests for redemption or repurchase orders by making payment in whole or in part in readily marketable securities ("redemption in kind") if the amount of such a request is greater than \$250,000 or 1% of the Fund's assets. The securities will be chosen by the Fund and valued at the Fund's NAV. A shareholder may incur transaction expenses in converting these securities to cash.

When Redemptions Are Sent: Once the Fund receives your redemption request in "good order" as described below, it will issue a check based on the next determined NAV following your redemption request. If you purchase shares using a check and soon after request a redemption, your redemption request will not be processed until the check used for your purchase has cleared (usually within 10 days).

Good Order: Your written redemption request will be processed if it is in "good order." To be in good order, the following conditions must be satisfied:

- o The request should be in writing, unless redeeming by telephone, indicating the number of shares or dollar amount to be redeemed:
- o the request must identify your account number;
- o the request should be signed by you and any other person listed on the account, exactly as the shares are registered; and
- o if you request that the redemption proceeds be sent to a person, bank or an address other than that of record or paid to someone other than the record owner(s), or if the address was changed within the last 30 days, or if the proceeds of a requested redemption exceed \$50,000, the signature(s) on the request must be medallion signature guaranteed by an eligible signature guarantor.

When You Need Medallion Signature Guarantees: A medallion signature guarantee assures that a signature is genuine and protects you from unauthorized account transfers. You will need your signature guaranteed if:

- o you wish to change the bank or brokerage account that you have designated on your account,
- o you request a redemption to be made payable to a person not on record with the Fund,
- o you request that a redemption be mailed to an address other than that on record with the Fund,
- o the proceeds of a requested redemption exceed \$50,000,
- o any redemption is transmitted by federal wire transfer to a bank other than the bank of record, or
- o your address was changed within 30 days of your redemption request.

Signatures may be guaranteed by any eligible guarantor institution (including banks, brokers and dealers, credit unions, national securities exchanges, registered securities associations, clearing agencies and savings associations) or by completing a supplemental telephone redemption authorization form. Further documentation will be required to change the designated account if, shares are held by a corporation, fiduciary or other organization. *A notary public cannot guarantee signatures*.

Retirement Plans: If you own an IRA or other retirement plan, you must indicate on your redemption request whether the Trust should withhold federal income tax. Unless you elect in your redemption request that you do not want to have federal tax withheld, the redemption will be subject to withholding.

Low Balances: If at any time your account balance falls below \$1,000 the Fund may notify you that, unless the account is brought up to at least \$1,000 within 30 days of the notice, your account could be closed. After the notice period, the Fund may redeem all of your shares and close your account by sending you a check to the address of record. Your account will not be closed if the account balance drops below \$1,000 due to a decline in NAV.

TAX STATUS, DIVIDENDS AND DISTRIBUTIONS

Any sale of the Fund's shares may generate tax liability (unless you are a tax-exempt investor or your investment is in a qualified retirement account). When you redeem your shares you may realize a taxable gain or loss. This is measured by the difference between the proceeds of the sale and the tax basis for the shares you sold. To aid in computing your tax basis, you generally should retain your account statements for the period that you hold shares in the Fund.

The Fund intends to distribute substantially all of its net investment income and net capital gains annually in December. Both distributions will be reinvested in shares of the Fund unless you elect to receive cash. Dividends from net investment income (including any excess of net short-term capital gain over net long-term capital loss) are taxable to investors as ordinary income, while distributions of net capital gain (the excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss) are generally taxable as long-term capital gain, regardless of your holding period for the shares. Any dividends or capital gain distributions you receive from the Fund will normally be taxable to you when made, regardless of whether you reinvest dividends or capital gain distributions or receive them in cash. Certain dividends or distributions declared in October, November or December will be taxed to shareholders as if received in December if they are paid during the following January. Each year the Fund will inform you of the amount and type of your distributions. IRAs and other qualified retirement plans are exempt from federal income taxation.

Your redemptions may result in a capital gain or loss for federal tax purposes. A capital gain or loss on your investment is the difference between the cost of your shares, including any sales charges, and the amount you receive when you sell them.

On the account application, you will be asked to certify that your social security number or taxpayer identification number is correct and that you are not subject to backup withholding for failing to report income to the IRS. If you are subject to backup withholding or you did not certify your taxpayer identification number, the IRS requires each fund to withhold a percentage of any dividend or redemption proceeds. The Fund reserves the right to reject any application that does not include a certified social security or taxpayer identification number. If you do not have a social security number, you should indicate on the purchase form that your application to obtain a number is pending. The Fund is required to withhold taxes if a number is not delivered to the Fund within seven days.

The foregoing is only a summary of some of the important federal income tax considerations generally affecting the Fund and you; see the Statement of Additional Information for a more detailed discussion. You are urged to consult your tax advisers.

FREQUENT PURCHASES AND REDEMPTIONS OF FUND SHARES

The Fund discourages and does not accommodate market timing. Frequent trading into and out of the Fund can harm all Fund shareholders by disrupting the Fund's investment strategies, increasing Fund expenses, decreasing tax efficiency and diluting the value of shares held by long-term shareholders. The Fund is designed for long-term investors and is not intended for market timing or other disruptive trading activities. Accordingly, the Fund's Board has approved policies that seek to curb these disruptive activities while recognizing that shareholders may have a legitimate need to adjust their Fund investments as their financial needs or circumstances change. The Fund currently uses several methods to reduce the risk of market timing. These methods include:

- Committing staff to review, on a continuing basis, recent trading activity in order to identify trading activity that may be contrary to the Fund's "Market Timing Trading Policy";
- Rejecting or limiting specific purchase requests; and
- Rejecting purchase requests from certain investors.

Though these methods involve judgments that are inherently subjective and involve some selectivity in their application, the Fund seeks to make judgments and applications that are consistent with the interests of the Fund's shareholders.

Based on the frequency of redemptions in your account, the adviser or transfer agent may in its sole discretion determine that your trading activity is detrimental to the Fund as described in the Fund's Market Timing Trading Policy and elect to reject or limit the amount, number, frequency or method for requesting future purchases or exchanges into the Fund.

The Fund reserves the right to reject or restrict purchase requests for any reason, particularly when the shareholder's trading activity suggests that the shareholder may be engaged in market timing or other disruptive trading activities. Neither the Fund nor the Adviser will be liable for any losses resulting from rejected purchase orders. The Adviser may also bar an investor who has violated these policies (and the investor's financial adviser) from opening new accounts with the Fund.

Although the Fund attempts to limit disruptive trading activities, some investors use a variety of strategies to hide their identities and their trading practices. There can be no guarantee that the Fund will be able to identify or limit these activities. Omnibus account arrangements are common forms of holding shares of the Fund. While the Fund will encourage financial intermediaries to apply the Fund's Market Timing Trading Policy to their customers who invest indirectly in the Fund, the Fund is limited in its ability to monitor the trading activity or enforce the Fund's Market Timing Trading Policy with respect to customers of financial intermediaries. For example, should it occur, the Fund may not be able to detect market timing that may be facilitated by financial intermediaries or made difficult to identify in the omnibus accounts used by those intermediaries for aggregated purchases and redemptions on behalf of all their customers. More specifically, unless the financial intermediaries have the ability to apply the Fund's Market Timing Trading Policy to their customers through such methods as implementing short-term trading limitations or restrictions and monitoring trading activity for what might be market timing, the Fund may not be able to determine whether trading by customers of financial intermediaries is contrary to the Fund's Market Timing Trading Policy. However, the Fund will ensure that financial intermediaries maintaining omnibus accounts on behalf of the Fund enter into an agreement with the Fund to provide shareholder transaction information, to the extent known to the financial intermediary, to the Fund, upon request. If the Fund or its transfer agent or shareholder servicing agent suspects there is market timing activity in the account, the Fund will seek full cooperation from the service provider maintaining the account to identify the underlying participant. At the request of the Adviser, the service providers may take immediate action to stop any further short-term trading by such participants.

DISTRIBUTION OF SHARES

Distributor: Northern Lights Distributors, LLC, 17605 Wright Street, Omaha, Nebraska, 68130 is the distributor for the shares of the Fund. Northern Lights Distributors, LLC is a registered broker-dealer and member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. ("FINRA"). Shares of the Fund are offered on a continuous basis.

Distribution Fees: The Trust, with respect to the Fund, has adopted Master Distribution and Shareholder Servicing Plans ("12b-1 Plan" or "Plan"), pursuant to which the Fund may pay the Fund's distributor an annual fee for distribution and shareholder servicing expenses of up to 0.25% of the Fund's average daily net assets attributable to Class R-1 shares.

The Fund's distributor and other entities are paid under the Plan for services provided and the expenses borne by the distributor and others in the distribution of Fund shares, including the payment of commissions for sales of the shares and incentive compensation to and expenses of dealers and others who engage in or support distribution of shares or who service shareholder accounts, including overhead and telephone expenses; printing and distribution of prospectuses and reports used in connection with the offering of the Fund's shares to other than current shareholders; and preparation, printing and distribution of sales literature and advertising materials. In addition, the distributor or other entities may utilize fees paid pursuant to the Plan to compensate dealers or other entities for their opportunity costs in advancing such amounts, which compensation would be in the form of a carrying charge on any un-reimbursed expenses.

Additional Compensation to Financial Intermediaries: The Distributor, its affiliates, and the Adviser may each, at its own expense and out of it's their own assets, including its legitimate profits, provide additional cash payments to financial intermediaries who sell shares of the Fund. Financial intermediaries include brokers, financial planners, banks, insurance companies, retirement or 401(k) plan administrators and others. These payments may be in addition to the Rule 12b-1 fees and any sales charges that are disclosed elsewhere in this Prospectus. These payments are generally made to financial intermediaries that provide shareholder or administrative services, or marketing support. Marketing support may include access to sales meetings, sales representatives and financial intermediary management representatives, inclusion of the Fund on a sales list, including a preferred or select sales list, or other sales programs. These payments also may be made as an expense reimbursement in cases where the financial intermediary provides shareholder services to Fund shareholders. The Distributor may, from time to time, provide promotional incentives, including reallowance and/or payment of up to the entire sales charge, to certain investment firms. Such incentives may, at the Distributor's discretion, be limited to investment firms who allow their individual selling representatives to participate in such additional commissions.

Householding: To reduce expenses, the Fund mails only one copy of the prospectus and each annual and semi-annual report to those addresses shared by two or more accounts. If you wish to receive individual copies of these documents, please call the Fund at 1-877-275-5599 on days the Fund is open for business or contact your financial institution. The Fund will begin sending you individual copies thirty days after receiving your request.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The financial highlights table is intended to help you understand the Fund's financial performance for the period of the Fund's operations. Certain information reflects financial results for a single Fund share. The total returns in the table represent the rate that an investor would have earned (or lost) on an investment in the Fund (assuming reinvestment of all dividends and distributions). This information for the Fund has been derived from the financial statements audited by Tait, Weller & Baker LLP, whose report, along with the Fund's financial statements, are included in the Fund's April 30, 2017 annual report, which is available upon request.

Per Share Data and Ratios for a Share of Beneficial Interest Outstanding Throughout Each Period Presented

	Class R-1									
]	the Year Ended il 30, 2017		r the Year Ended il 30, 2016		r the Year Ended il 30, 2015]	the Year Ended il 30, 2014]	the Year Ended il 30, 2013
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$	11.56	\$	12.57	\$	12.63	\$	12.12	\$	10.94
Activity from investment operations: Net investment income (loss) (1) Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)		0.04		(0.04)		(0.06)		(0.09)		0.03
on investments		1.64		(0.90)		1.07		1.92		1.17
Total from investment operations		1.68		(0.94)		1.01		1.83		1.20
Less distributions from: Net investment income		_		(0.02)		(0.05)		(0.03)		(0.02)
Net realized gains		(0.44)		(0.05)		(1.02)		(1.29)		
Total distributions		(0.44)		(0.07)		(1.07)		(1.32)		(0.02)
Net asset value, end of year	\$	12.80	\$	11.56	\$	12.57	\$	12.63	\$	12.12
Total return (2)		14.70%		(7.50)%		8.22%		15.38%		11.02%
Net assets, end of period (000s)	\$	81,999	\$	83,291	\$	93,253	\$	78,660	\$	60,395
Ratio of expenses to average net assets (3)		1.62%		1.55%	-	1.55%		1.60%		1.60%
Ratio of net investment income (loss) to average net assets (4)		0.31%		(0.30)%		(0.45)%	,	(0.71)%)	0.26%
Portfolio Turnover Rate		318%		437%		183%		272%		240%

⁽¹⁾ Per share amounts calculated using the average shares method, which more appropriately presents the per share data for the period.

⁽²⁾ Assume reinvestment of all dividends and distributions if any

⁽³⁾ The ratios of expenses to average net assets and net investment income (loss) to average net assets do not reflect the expenses of the underlying investment companies in which the Fund invests.

⁽⁴⁾ Recognition of net investment income by the Fund is affected by the timing and declaration of dividends by the underlying investment companies in which the Fund invests.

Institutional Class

	For the Period Ended April 30, 2017 ⁽¹⁾		
Net asset value, beginning of period	<u>\$ 12.77</u>		
Activity from investment operations: Net investment income (2) Net realized and unrealized gain on investments	0.03		
Total from investment operations	0.03		
Net asset value, end of period Total return	\$ 12.80 0.23% (5)		
Net assets, end of period (000s)	\$ 15 ⁽⁷⁾		
Ratio of expenses to average net assets (3)	1.37% (6)		
Ratio of net investment income to average net assets (4)	0.00% (6)		
Portfolio Turnover Rate	318% (5)		

- * Amount represents less than \$0.005 per share.
- (1) Institutional Class of the KCM Macro Trends Fund commenced operations on March 20, 2017.
- (2) Per share amounts calculated using the average shares method, which more appropriately presents the per share data for the period.
- (3) The ratios of expenses to average net assets and net investment income (loss) to average net assets do not reflect the expenses of the underlying investment companies in which the Fund invests.
- (4) Recognition of net investment income by the Fund is affected by the timing and declaration of dividends by the underlying investment companies in which the Fund invests.
- (5) Not Annualized.
- (6) Annualized
- (7) Amount is actual; not presented in thousands

PRIVACY NOTICE

Northern Lights Fund Trust

Rev. February 2014

FACTS

WHAT DOES NORTHERN LIGHTS FUND TRUST DO WITH YOUR PERSONAL INFORMATION?

Why?

Financial companies choose how they share your personal information. Federal law gives consumers the right to limit some, but not all sharing. Federal law also requires us to tell you how we collect, share, and protect your personal information. Please read this notice carefully to understand what we do.

What?

The types of personal information we collect and share depends on the product or service that you have with us. This information can include:

- Social Security number and wire transfer instructions
- account transactions and transaction history
- investment experience and purchase history

When you are *no longer* our customer, we continue to share your information as described in this notice.

How?

All financial companies need to share customers' personal information to run their everyday business. In the section below, we list the reasons financial companies can share their customers' personal information; the reasons Northern Lights Fund Trust chooses to share; and whether you can limit this sharing.

Reasons we can share your personal information:	Does Northern Lights Fund Trust share information?	Can you limit this sharing?
For our everyday business purposes - such as to process your transactions, maintain your account(s), respond to court orders and legal investigations, or report to credit bureaus.	YES	NO
For our marketing purposes - to offer our products and services to you.	NO	We don't share
For joint marketing with other financial companies.	NO	We don't share
For our affiliates' everyday business purposes - information about your transactions and records.	NO	We don't share
For our affiliates' everyday business purposes - information about your credit worthiness.	NO	We don't share
For nonaffiliates to market to you	NO	We don't share

QUESTIONS?

Call 1-402-493-4603

PRIVACY NOTICE

Northern Lights Fund Trust

What we do:			
How does Northern Lights Fund Trust protect my personal information?	To protect your personal information from unauthorized access and use we use security measures that comply with federal law. These measure include computer safeguards and secured files and buildings.		
	Our service providers are held accountable for adhering to strict policies and procedures to prevent any misuse of your nonpublic personal information.		
How does Northern Lights Fund Trust	We collect your personal information, for example, when you		
collect my personal information?	open an account or deposit money		
	• direct us to buy securities or direct us to sell your securities		
	seek advice about your investments		
	We also collect your personal information from others, such as credit bureaus, affiliates, or other companies.		
Why can't I limit all sharing?	Federal law gives you the right to limit only:		
	• sharing for affiliates' everyday business purposes – information about your creditworthiness.		
	affiliates from using your information to market to you.		
	sharing for nonaffiliates to market to you.		
	State laws and individual companies may give you additional rights to limit sharing.		

Definitions	
Affiliates	Companies related by common ownership or control. They can be financial and nonfinancial companies. • Northern Lights Fund Trust does not share with our affiliates.
Nonaffiliates	Companies not related by common ownership or control. They can be financial and nonfinancial companies. • Northern Lights Fund Trust does not share with nonaffiliates so they can market to you.
Joint marketing	A formal agreement between nonaffiliated financial companies that together market financial products or services to you. • Northern Lights Fund Trust doesn't jointly market.

KCM MACRO TRENDS FUND

Adviser	Kerns Capital Management, Inc. 9821 Katy Freeway, Suite 400 Houston, TX 77024
Distributor	Northern Lights Distributors, LLC 17605 Wright Street Omaha, NE 68130
Legal Counsel	Thompson Hine LLP 41 South High Street, Suite 1700 Columbus, OH 43215
Transfer Agent	Gemini Fund Services, LLC 17605 Wright Street, Suite 2 Omaha, NE 68130
Custodian	Fifth Third Bank Mail Drop 1090CC 38 Fountain Square Plaza Cincinnati, OH 45263
Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	Tait, Weller & Baker LLP 1818 Market St., Suite 2400 Philadelphia, PA 19103

Additional information about the Fund, including the Fund's policies and procedures with respect to disclosure of the Fund's portfolio holdings, is included in the Fund's Statement of Additional Information dated August 28, 2017 (the SAI"). The SAI is incorporated into this Prospectus by reference (i.e., legally made a part of this Prospectus). The SAI provides more details about the Trust's policies and management. Additional information about the Fund's investments is also available in the Fund's Annual and Semi-Annual Reports to Shareholders.

To obtain a free copy of the SAI, the annual report, the semi-annual report, to request other information about the Fund, or to make shareholder inquiries about the Fund, please call 1-877-275-5599 or visit the Fund's website at www.KernsCapital.com. You may also write to:

KCM Macro Trends Fund

c/o Gemini Fund Services, LLC 17605 Wright Street Omaha, Nebraska 68130

You may review and obtain copies of the Fund's information at the SEC Public Reference Room in Washington, D.C. Please call 1-202-551-8090 for information relating to the operation of the Public Reference Room. Reports and other information about the Fund are available on the EDGAR Database on the SEC's Internet site at http://www.sec.gov. Copies of the information may be obtained, after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following e-mail address: publicinfo@sec.gov, or by writing the Public Reference Section, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549-0102.

Investment Company Act File # 811-21720

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